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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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10/692,530

10/24/2003

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40062.0218US01

9898

7590

12/23/2008

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EXAMINER

HOANG, DANIEL L

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2436

MAIL DATE

DELIVERY MODE

12/23/2008

PAPER

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b> 10/692,530	<b>Applicant(s)</b> CAMERON ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b> DANIEL L. HOANG	<b>Art Unit</b> 2436	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 December 2008.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1,3-16 and 18-22 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1, 3-16, 18-22 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All    b) ☐ Some \*    c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                     | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)           |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____                                      |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)          | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____  | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                          |

## DETAILED ACTION

### CLAIMS PRESENTED

Claims 1, and 3-16, and 18-22 are presented.

### RESPONSE TO ARGUMENTS

Applicant's arguments, see Arguments/Remarks filed 12/01/08, with respect to the 112 rejections have been fully considered and are persuasive. The 112 rejections of claims 1, 9, and 16 have been withdrawn. Applicant's arguments pertaining to the claimed "use policy" are treated below.

### CLAIM REJECTIONS

#### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, and 3-16, and 18-21, 22 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hanna et al., US Patent No. 6,801,998 and further in view of Huitema et al., US Patent No. 7,068,789.

#### **As per claim 1, Hanna teaches:**

In an initiating system, a method for establishing a new group identity with a group identity information document comprising:

creating group identity information for inclusion in the group identity information document; and

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*[see col. 5, lines 29-33] "In response to the receipt of a request for service from the applicant associated with the client 10, the application server 12 determines the identification of the group or groups having the right to perform the requested service."*

generating a self-signed group identity information document comprising the group identity information, a use policy providing instructions as to how the group identity information may be used, at least a first key, and a group identity information document signature signed using a second key associated with the first key in the identity information document.

*[see col. 5, lines 36-49] "The application server 12 generates an encrypted group identification message, which may take a number of forms. For example, as depicted in FIG. 4a, the encrypted group identification message may be formed by encrypting the relevant group id (i.e. the group id for the group having access to the requested service) with an encryption key which permits decryption by the applicable group membership server 16. More particularly, the application server 12 and the group membership server may have a shared or symmetric key and the group id may be encrypted using the shared key. Alternatively, the applicable group membership server 16 may be provided with a public key pair and the group id may be encrypted using the respective group membership server public key."*

*Applicant defines identity information as a collection of information about a principal and a use policy as an item that conveys the originator's instructions to the recipient about the uses to which the contents of the identity information may be put. For example, it may indicate the contents of the identity information may not be divulged to others.*

*[see col. 5, lines 36-62] Examiner views the "encrypted message" that is provided to the client by the application server as being analogous to the "use policy". The encrypted message is forwarded by the client to the group membership server in order to prove eligibility to receive a requested service. The encrypted message contains information detailing whether the client is a member of a group. Examiner views this as being analogous to "information about a principal". The ability of the encrypted message to prove eligibility within a group is viewed as being analogous to conveying the originator's instructions about the uses to which the contents may be put. The fact that the system taught by Hanna avoids providing the client with information about which groups or groups are eligible to receive the requested service is viewed as analogous to the applicant's example, "indicate the contents of the identity information may not be divulged to others.*

*The claim limitation merely cites that the use policy provides instructions as to how the group identity information may be used. The claim language does not explain further what these instructions are. The Hanna reference teaches how the encrypted message may be used. The encrypted message may be used to prove eligibility to a group in order to receive a requested service. It also cannot be divulged to others. Examiner views this as sufficient to overcome the current claim language.*

sending the group-signed group identity information document to a receiving system to establish the new group identity at the receiving system.

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*[see col. 5, lines 62-65] "The client 10, upon receipt of the encrypted group id, forwards the same to the default group membership server 16 or the applicable group membership server 16 specified in the message."*

**Hanna is mute in teaching that the group identity being established at the receiving system is a new group identity being established. As for this limitation, examiner relies on the Huitema reference.**

**In col. 12, lines 1-17, Huitema teaches the process of creating a new group. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Hanna and Huitema so that not only existing groups can expand by adding new members but also so that new groups may be securely formed. The process taught by Huitema allows any peer the ability to create a new group and set the security attributes for that new group.**

**As per claim 3, Hanna teaches:**

The method of claim 2, further comprising: sending a group-signed membership identity information document with the group-signed group identity information document to the receiving system to establish membership of an originator of the membership identity information document in the new group identity established at the receiving system.

*[see col. 5, lines 58-61] "The message transmitted from the application server 12 to the client 10 that includes the encrypted group id may also include an unencrypted identification of the group membership server 16."*

*As has been cited above in the rejection of claim 1, Huitema teaches that the identity being established is a new group identity.*

**As per claim 4, Hanna teaches:**

The method of claim 3 further comprising:

receiving the new group-signed membership identity information document from the originator;

*[see col. 5, lines 66-67] "The group membership server receiving the encrypted group id decrypts the message to obtain the name of the group having the right of access to the requested service."*

detecting whether the group associated with the membership identity information document has been accepted; and

*[see col. 6, lines 2-4] "The group membership server then determines if the applicant is a member of the specified group."*

assigning security protocols to communications from the originator based on the group identity information if the group identity information is accepted.

*[see col. 6, lines 4-6] "If it is determined that the applicant is a member of the group, the group membership server 16 generates a message indicative of membership."*

**As per claim 5, Hanna teaches:**

The method of claim 3, wherein the act of sending comprises: storing the group-signed membership identity information document in an initiating system; retrieving the group-signed membership identity information document; attaching the group-signed membership identity information document to the message; and sending the message to the receiving system.

*[see fig. 3A and 3B]*

**As per claim 6, Hanna teaches:**

The method of claim 3, further comprising: sending to the receiving system a self-signed personal identity information document of the originator of the message to establish at the receiving system identity of the originator in addition to originator's membership in the new group.

*[see rejection of claim 4, wherein if the group membership server determines if the applicant is a member of the specified group. Examiner is interpreting that it is clear that applicant submits some sort of identification information along with encrypted group ID in order for said server to authenticate/validate applicant.]*

**As per claim 7, Hanna teaches:**

The method of claim 6, wherein the acts of sending a self-signed personal identity information document and group-signed membership identity information document comprises:  
generating the self-signed personal identity information document;

*[see rejection of claim 6]*

attaching the self-signed personal identity information document to the message;

*[see rejection of claim 6]*

retrieving the group-signed membership identity information document;

*[see rejection of claim 1]*

attaching the group-signed membership identity information document to the message; and

*[see rejection of claim 1]*

sending the message to the receiving system.

*[see rejection of claim 3]*

**As per claim 8, 19, and 20, Hanna teaches:**

The method of claim 6 further comprising:

receiving the group-signed membership identity information document and the self-signed personal identity information document from the originator;

*[see fig. 3A, element 60]*

detecting whether the new group associated with the membership identity information document is accepted and whether the person associated with the personal identity information document is accepted;

*[see fig. 3A, elements 62 and 74]*

assigning first security protocols to communications from the originator if the new group is accepted; and

*[see fig. 3B, element 78]*

assigning second security protocols to communications from the originator if the person is accepted.

*[see fig. 3B, element 80]*

**As per claim 9 and 16, Hanna teaches:**

In a communication system, an apparatus for establishing a new group identity comprising:

a group ID generate module generating a group certificate having at least a public key, a use policy

providing instructions as to how the group identity information may be used, and a digital signature for the

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group; and a send module transmitting the group certificate to establish the group identity at a receiving system.

*[see rejection of claim 1, further see col. 6, lines 10-14] "the message may comprise an encrypted certificate signed by the respective group membership server 16 that indicates that the applicant is a member of the specified group. The certificate is signed by the respective group membership server 16 and encrypted using an encryption key that permits decryption by the application server. This encryption key may comprise a shared key or alternatively, the public key of a public key pair maintained by the application server 12."*

*[see rejection of claim 1 regarding the rejection of the claimed "use policy"]*

A computer storage medium readable by a computing system and encoding a computer program of instructions for executing a computer process for establishing a new group identity in communications between an initiating system and a receiving system, said computer process comprising:

generating at the initiating system a group certificate comprising at least a group public key and a digital signature for the group signed with a group private key associated with group public key;

sending the group certificate to the receiving system to establish the new group identity at the receiving system;

sending a membership certificate to the receiving system to establish the originator as a member of the new group at the receiving system;

generating a personal certificate having at least a public key of the originator and a digital signature for the originator signed by the originator with a private key associated with the public key of the originator; and

sending the personal certificate to establish the personal identity of the originator at the receiving system.

### **As per claim 10, Hanna teaches:**

The apparatus of claim 9 further comprising: an attach module attaching a group membership certificate to a message originated by a sender; the send module transmitting the message to the receiving system to establish the sender as a member of the new group at the receiving system.

*[see rejection of claim 9, encrypted certificate]*

### **As per claim 11, Hanna teaches:**

The apparatus of claim 10 further comprising:

a membership ID generate module generating a membership certificate having at least a public key of the sender and a digital signature for the new group;



*[see rejection of claim 9]*

a save module, responsive to the membership ID generate module, storing the membership certificate;

*[see fig. 1, application server]*

a retrieve module retrieving the membership certificate from the save module and providing the membership certificate to the attach module.

*[see fig. 1 application server]*

**As per claim 12, Hanna teaches:**

The apparatus of claim 10 further comprising: a receive module at a receiving system receiving the membership certificate; and an accept module at the receiving system detecting whether to accept the membership certificate.

*[see fig. 1, group membership server]*

**As per claim 13, Hanna teaches:**

The apparatus of claim 12 further comprising: an assign module assigning a security identification to communications from the sender based on the new group associated with the membership certificate if the membership certificate is accepted by the accept module.

*[see fig. 3A, elements 62 and 74]*

**As per claim 14, Hanna teaches:**

The apparatus of claim 10 further comprising: a personal ID generate module generating a personal certificate having at least a public key of the sender and a digital signature by the sender; and

*[see fig. 3A, element 68]*

the send module transmitting the personal certificate to establish the sender's identity at the receiving system.

*[see fig. 3A, element 70]*

**As per claim 15 and 22, Hanna teaches:**

The apparatus of claim 12 further comprising:

a personal ID generate module generating a personal certificate having at least a public key of the sender and a digital signature by the sender;

*[see fig. 3A, element 68]*

a receive module at the receiving system receiving the certificates;

*[see fig. 3A, element 60]*

an accept module at the receiving system detecting if the certificates are to be accepted;

*[see fig. 3A, elements 62 and 74]*

an assign module assigning a security protocol to communications from the sender based on a group identity associated with the membership certificate if the membership certificate is accepted by the accept module; and

*[see fig. 3B, element 78]*

the assign module assigning a security protocol to communications from the sender based on personal identity associated with the personal certificate if the personal certificate is accepted by the accept module.

*[see fig. 3B, element 80]*

### **As per claim 16, Hanna teaches:**

A computer storage medium readable by a computing system and encoding a computer program of instructions for executing a computer process for establishing a new group identity in communications between an initiating system and a receiving system, said computer process comprising:  
generating at the initiating system a group certificate comprising at least a use policy providing instructions as to how the group identity information may be used, a group public key and a digital signature for the group signed with a group private key associated with group public key; sending the group certificate to the receiving system to establish the new group identity at the receiving system;

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sending a membership certificate to the receiving system to establish the originator as a member of the new group at the receiving system;

*[see rejection of claim 1, further see col. 6, lines 10-14] "the message may comprise an encrypted certificate signed by the respective group membership server 16 that indicates that the applicant is a member of the specified group. The certificate is signed by the respective group membership server 16 and encrypted using an encryption key that permits decryption by the application server. This encryption key may comprise a shared key or alternatively, the public key of a public key pair maintained by the application server 12."*

*[see rejection of claim 1 regarding the rejection of the claimed "use policy"]*

generating a personal certificate having at least a public key of the originator and a digital signature for the originator signed by the originator with a private key associated with the public key of the originator; and sending the personal certificate to establish the personal identity of the originator at the receiving system.

*[see col. 5, lines 62-65] "The client 10, upon receipt of the encrypted group id, forwards the same to the default group membership server 16 or the applicable group membership server 16 specified in the message."*

### **As per claim 18, Hanna teaches:**

The computer readable medium of claim 16 wherein the process further comprises: creating the membership certificate at the initiating system, the membership certificate having at least a public key of the originator and a digital signature signed using the group private key.

*[see rejection of claim 1]*

## **POINTS OF CONTACT**

\*. Any response to this Office Action should be **faxed to** (571) 273-8300 **or mailed to:**

Commissioner for Patents  
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401 Dulaney Street  
Alexandria, VA 22314

\*. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel L. Hoang whose telephone number is 571-270-1019. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday, 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m., EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nasser Moazzami can be reached on 571-272-4195. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

*Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).*

/Daniel L. Hoang/  
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